| SAXON MATH <br> Cours 1 <br> (Harcourt Achieve, 2007) | MATH <br> Course 1 <br> (McDougal, 2007) | HOLT MATH <br> Course 1 <br> (Holt, 2007) | TEXAS MATH <br> Course 1 <br> (Prentice, 2008) | TEXAS MATH <br> Course 1 <br> (Glencoe, 2007) | EVERYDAY MATH <br> (McGraw, 2004) | CONNECTED MATH 2 |
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| (Prentice, 2008) |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| reinventing algorithms more efficiently memorized? | Teaches standard algorithms; develops concepts incrementally | Teaches standard algorithms | Teaches standard algorithms | Teaches standard algorithms | Usually teaches standard algorithms | Students often learn non-standard algorithms or invent their own algorithms. | Protracted student efforts to invent own algorithms preempt class time, multiply redundancies. |
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| calculator dependence over mental training? | Calculator use suggested for 34 problems, not expected elsewhere | Calculator use stipulated for 157 problems, not expected elsewhere | Calculator use stipulated for 69 problems, accepted elsewhere | Calculator use stipulated for 110 problems, accepted elsewhere | Calculator use stipulated for 245 problems, accepted elsewhere | Calculator use encouraged about 57\% (4/7) of the time overall | Calculator use encouraged for most problems |
| estimation over exact answers? | 92 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). | 416 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). | 314 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). | 290 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). | 455 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). | 161 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). Heavy calculator use de-emphasizes estimation. | 158 problems require estimation, not exact answers (rounding not counted). Heavy calculator use de-emphasizes estimation. |
| peer dependence over personal skill-building? | Stresses independent work, except: <br> 9 activities for pairs or small groups; all but 2 are in TE only | Stresses independent work, except: 26 group "Activity" exercises including games that introduce chapters | 49 suggested group activities, 13 of these in SE | 80 group activities, usually for pairs; includes recurring <br> "Alternative Assessments" for student pairs | 26 group activities; most suggested in TE, not SE | 175 suggested group activities, most for partners, dilute independent work. | 114 activities for pairs or small groups; part of every lesson |


| How thoroughly do the texts reinforce these skills? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| adding and subtracting decimals | 364 problems <br> (no calculator dependence) | 164 problems <br> (no calculator dependence) | 177 problems (calculator used if faster) | 165 problems (calculator used if faster) | 144 problems <br> (calculator used for large numbers) | 79 problems (not including games, which may or may not use calculators) | 113 problems (calculator used for all but initial problems on these operations) |
| adding and subtracting fractions | 379 problems (no calculator dependence) | 407 problems (no calculator dependence) | 493 problems <br> (suggests converting fractions to decimals on calculator before solving) | 322 problems (suggests use of "fraction calculator") | 406 problems (calculator not used for adding and subtracting fractions) | 246 problems <br> (suggests use of <br> "fraction calculator") | 152 problems <br> (calculator not used for adding and subtracting fractions) |
| multiplying and dividing decimals | 607 problems (no calculator dependence) | 505 problems (no calculator dependence) | 527 problems (calculator used if faster) | 256 problems <br> (calculator used if faster) | 422 problems <br> (calculator used for large numbers) | 209 problems (not including games, which may or may not use calculators) | 280 problems <br> (calculators encouraged for all but initial problems on these operations) |
| multiplying and dividing fractions | 470 problems (no calculator dependence) | 415 problems (no calculator dependence) | 454 problems <br> (suggests converting fractions to decimals on calculator before solving) | 297 problems (suggests use of "fraction calculator") | 343 problems <br> (calculator not used for multiplying and dividing fractions) | 446 problems (suggests use of "fraction calculator") | 316 problems (calculator use accepted but not encouraged for these operations) |
| finding area and perimeter of geometric shapes | Thorough <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Thorough <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Fair <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Poor <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Fair <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Minimal <br> (2 of our 11 pages of documentation cover this) | Inconsistent <br> Strong on some topics, weak on others (see our documentation) |
| OVERALL RATING | BEST | GOOD | FAIR | FAIR | POOR | VERY POOR | WORST |
| Daily number fact practice during $1^{\text {st }}$ <br> The Texas textbook review panel found that Everyday Math <br> semester; daily mental meets $64.10 \%$ of Texas $6^{\text {th }}$ grade Math standards (see pp. 1-3 at <br> math exercises all year http://www.tea.state.tx.us/textbooks/materials/proc2004teksnot.pdf). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0] math exercises all year

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meets $64.10 \%$ of Texas b $^{\text {h }}$ grade Math standards (see pp. 1-3 at
http://www.tea.state.tx.us/textbooks/materials/proc2004teksnot.pdf)

For full, fast documentation, contact


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